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personal view. The author traces the constant growth of the Imperial idea from the time of the Virginia colonization (1606) until the present date. He shows that the above constitutional provision is a complete grant of all the powers necessary to the Imperial government of the Member-States in a Federal union, as conceived by John Dickinson and Gouverneur Morris, in our Revolutionary period, and confirmed by the views of modern writers. The difference between Territories of the United States and Territories belonging to them is distinguished in a long line of judicial dicta from the decision of Chief Justice Marshall, in *The American Insurance Company v. Canter*, 1 Peters 449 (1828), to the recent case of *The Mormon Church v. The United States*, 136 U. S. 1. The decision in the so-called "Insular Cases" (*Downes v. Bidwell*, 184 U. S. 244), is discussed briefly as being the latest expression of judicial thought in accord with the conclusions of former cases.

In the last chapter of the book Mr. Snow points out that precedent and experience have proved that a combination of expert and popular government is the most successful form of administration. To use his own words, he suggests "that the habitual administration of dependencies should be in the charge of the President, assisted by expert investigators and advisers, and that the superintendence and final control of the administration should rest with Congress subject to the final judgment of the whole people of the American union." The work, as a whole, can hardly fail to be of interest to the student and cannot be too highly commended to the consideration of all.

R. H. S.

The Health Officers' Manual and Public Health Law of the State of New York. By L. L. Boyce, of the Albany Bar. Matthew Bender, Albany. 1902. Cloth, pp. 289.

This volume is one of the series of Legal Works for County, Town and Village Officials of the State of New York, which is being published by Matthew Bender. It is, in the main, a compilation of the New York statutes upon this particular branch of governmental activity, but includes much other relevant material, as decisions of the court, forms, and comment of the editor, necessary to a thorough and complete treatment of the subject.

A brief outline of the contents will clearly indicate the scope and value of the work. Chapter 1 gives the text of the Public Health Law, covering the powers and duties of the State Board of Health, the local boards, and the Health Officer of the Port of New York; adulterations; quarantine regulations; provisions governing the practice of medicine, dentistry, veterinary medicine and surgery; pharmacy regulations; etc. Accompanying each section which has been the subject of interpretation by the courts, is a brief digest of the decisions. Chapter 2 is composed of many miscellaneous statutes relating to or affecting the public health, and gathered from various portions of the statute book. Chapter 3 is original work of the editor,—a commentary upon the health law,

with explanation, suggestion and information designed especially to aid the health officer in deciding the many problems which arise in the discharge of his duties. The remainder of the work is taken up with the sanitary regulations which are recommended by the State Board of Health for adoption by the local boards and with copies of the forms in most common use by the health authorities.

The health officers of New York and all others interested in the administration of the State's health laws are fortunate in having so satisfactory a volume prepared for their especial use.

S. W. E.

The United States Bankruptcy Law of 1898 with Amendments of 1903. Edited by H. Noyes Greene, of the Troy, N. Y., Bar. Matthew Bender, Albany. 1903. Paper, pp. 51.

This little pamphlet is certainly worth the price. Not only are the Amendments of 1903 incorporated in the text of the act, but they are also in italics, thus showing at a glance the new matter. The editor has also added a complete index of the whole act. The publishers merit the thanks of all for this neat, opportune and handy edition.

S. W. E.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS.

THE LAW OF SURETYSHIP; covering Personal Suretyship, Commercial Guarantees, Suretyship as related to Negotiable Instruments, Bonds to secure Private Obligations, Official and Judicial Bonds and Surety Companies. By Arthur A. Stearns, of the Cleveland Bar. W. H. Anderson Co., Cincinnati. 1903. Sheep, pp. 747. *Review will follow.*

A TREATISE ON THE LAW OF NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS. Fifth edition. By John W. Daniel and Charles A. Douglass. Baker, Voorhis & Co., New York. 1903. 2 vol., pp. 1937, sheep. *Review will follow.*

THE ELEMENTS OF THE LAW OF NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS. By John W. Daniel and Charles A. Douglass. Baker, Voorhis & Co., New York. 1903. Cloth, pp. 418. *Review will follow.*

A TREATISE ON THE POWER OF TAXATION, STATE AND FEDERAL IN THE UNITED STATES. By Frederick N. Judson, of the St. Louis Bar. F. H. Thomas Book Co., St. Louis. 1903. Sheep, pp. 868. *Review will follow.*

A TREATISE ON THE LAW OF THE MEASURE OF DAMAGES FOR PERSONAL INJURIES. By George P. Voorhis, A.B. The Laning Co., Norwalk, Ohio. 1903. Sheep, pp. 577. *Review will follow.*

A COLLECTION OF THE WRITINGS OF JOHN JAMES INGALLS. Essays, Addresses and Orations. Hudson-Kimberly Pub. Co., Kansas City, Mo. 1902. Cloth, pp. 536. *Review will follow.*

THE LAW OF REAL PROPERTY AND OTHER INTERESTS IN LAND. By Herbert Thorndyke Tiffany. Keefe-Davidson Co., St. Paul. 1903. 2 vol., sheep, pp. 1589. *Review will follow.*

A TREATISE ON COMMERCIAL PAPER AND THE NEGOTIABLE INSTRUMENTS LAW. By James W. Eaton and Frank B. Gilbert. Matthew Bender, Albany. 1903. Sheep, pp. 767. *Review will follow.*

PROCEEDINGS OF THE EIGHTH ANNUAL MEETING OF THE IOWA STATE BAR ASSOCIATION. Tipton, Iowa, 1902. Paper, pp. 225.